

KNOWLEDGE - NET FOR A BETTER WORLD

2012

EAST ASIA INSTITUTE

2013

2012

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2013



East Asia Institute

#909 Sampoong B/D, Eulji-ro 158, Jung-gu, Seoul 100-786

Republic of Korea

Tel. +82 2 2277 1683

Fax +82 2 2277 1684/1697

www.eai.or.kr

eai@eai.or.kr

Chairman

Young-Sun Ha

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Chairman's Message



Young-Sun Ha, EAI Chairman

The East Asian region is undergoing transformation. Under the banners of “Asia-Pacific rebalancing” and “a new type of great power relations,” the United States and China are simultaneously pursuing rivalry and cooperation. Japan and Russia are engrossed in securing the most favorable strategic environment that suits their best interests. EAI has made every effort to create an alternative blueprint that can serve the interests not only of South Korea as a rising middle power but also of all the other countries in the region. It has also endeavored to produce and promote creative ideas for the new architecture in East Asia rather than just receive knowledge from thinkers around the globe. In this manner, EAI has become more salient in the eyes of global intellectuals among the seven thousand think tanks around the world.

In 2012, there were significant leadership changes in Russia, China, the United States, Japan, and South Korea. Concurrently, a power succession in North Korea for only the second time in that country’s history led Korea watchers to strain their ears across the demilitarized zone for new developments. The chances for an improvement in tensions on the Korean Peninsula following the successful transition seem, however, still remote because Seoul and Pyongyang have failed to make a breakthrough in the clash between the conflicting policies of South Korea’s “trust-building process on the Korean Peninsula” and North Korea’s “two-track strategic line of carrying out economic construction and building nuclear armed forces.” To ease the dialogue gridlock, EAI proposed a new North Korea policy that encourages the coevolution of both Koreas, suggesting an “East Asia Peace and Prosperity Initiative” and “the path of non-nuclear-weapon security in tandem with economic development” to Seoul and Pyongyang, respectively. This approach is intended to stimulate active discussion among the relevant parties for possible policy alternatives.

In order to design a new order in East Asia and on the Korean Peninsula, solid and advanced domestic governance structures must serve as the foundation. However, the compressive processes of industrialization and democratization have created complicated governance challenges for South Korea. To facilitate the creation of these better governance structures, EAI has organized comparative democracy studies with prominent international research institutes. By revealing the diverse array of voices among the people, EAI public opinion analysts have provided a comprehensive picture of the Korean public and suggested workable options for change.

All of these spectacular achievements were made possible through the extraordinary dedication of EAI’s trustees and supporters, scholars and experts in the EAI knowledge network, and President Sook-Jong Lee and her staff. I applaud all their hard work that they have continued to undertake with persistence and vigor.

President's Message

A change in leadership is often accompanied by a shift in policy, and thus the role of think tanks becomes even more crucial. Triggered by simultaneous leadership changes in the Asia-Pacific, EAI policy studies have vigorously expanded throughout the past two years. The institute's research spans topics ranging from electoral studies to corporate social responsibility to inter-Korean relations and security studies to middle power diplomacy.

EAI's international networks have also grown. EAI now participates in the Council of Councils (CoC) initiated by the Council on Foreign Relations, as the South Korean representative to a group of think tanks searching for solutions to global governance challenges. EAI also leads the Asia Democracy Research Network (ADRN) as a chair for the promotion of democracy in Asia and cooperates with other research organizations in the Consular Forum to discuss contemporary issues and emerging opportunities for consular services. With the support of the MacArthur Foundation, EAI is developing partnerships with other think tanks in middle power countries. EAI has increased its collaboration with the Brookings Institution and the Center for Strategic and International Studies by co-hosting various international conferences. EAI also co-hosts the Korea-Japan Future Dialogue with Genron NPO and provides nongovernmental approaches for improving bilateral relations.

Education and exchange programs have increasingly broadened their scope and depth. While continuing its internship program and essay competition for students, EAI initiated the Korea Friendship project with the Korea Foundation and provided an education program for international students residing in Korea. EAI also launched the EAI Sarangbang Social Sciences Seminar for a small, talented group of undergraduate and graduate students. Through the Press Forum, the institute gathered together experts and journalists to exchange their views on pending global and regional issues. The EAI Fellows Program, which aims to encourage interdisciplinary research with a comparative perspective in the study of East Asia, will celebrate its 10th anniversary in 2014.

Numerous research institutes, both government funded and independent, conduct diversified policy studies and have subsequently organized a complex ecology of knowledge and policy. Maintaining EAI's competitive edge among this myriad of fellow think tanks is an enduring task that EAI consistently seeks to fulfill. Today's rapidly shifting world creates new challenges but also presents new opportunities to conduct higher-quality research. EAI will never cease to challenge any boundary placed before it.

I express my deepest gratitude to the scholars and experts in our network, and supporters and staff who have passionately dedicated themselves to always move forward along this unfinished journey.



Sook-Jong Lee, EAI President



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EAI Staff

During 2012-2013, **EAI** organized a total of **466** events.

Over **1,432** experts participated in EAI research

activities, and EAI research outcomes culminated in the publication

of **10** books. EAI has worked toward spreading knowledge

across the globe by publishing **121** reports in Korean and

114 reports in English and Chinese in that time.

A total of **154,060** visitors navigated the EAI home

page, and page views exceeded more than

794,100 clicks. EAI strives to produce knowledge

needed by the public in a timely manner. During the last two

years, EAI research products were featured in the Korean media

about **670** times and in foreign media **83** times. EAI's

Twitter followers have grown to more than **10,013**.

With the belief that **good ideas can change the world,**

EAI stays true to development, dissemination,

and proliferation of knowledge.

January

**Smart Talk**

- Grzegorz Ekiert, Professor, Harvard University. "Two Decades of Transformation in Central and Eastern Europe" (January 9) [PHOTO](#)
- Uzi Rubin, former Director, Israel Missile Defense Organization of the Israel Ministry of Defense; Efraim Inbar, Director, Begin-Sadat Center for Strategic Studies at Bar-Illan University; Eytan Gilboa, Professor, Bar-Illan University. "Israel's Current National Security Issues" (January 17)

InfraVision

- Kyudok Hong, Deputy Minister, Defense Reform Office. "Changing Security Environment and the Necessity of Defense Reform" (January 27)

February

**EAI Policy Report**

- Conference on "Seoul Nuclear Security Summit and Global Governance" (February 13)

EAI GlobalNet 21 Forum

- Hyun-Jong Kim, former Minister for Trade, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade. "KORUS FTA: Development through Competition" (February 14) [PHOTO](#)

The Presidency in Korea 2013

- Yeoon Yoon, former Minister, Ministry of Environment. "Statecraft: A Presidential Qualification" (February 22)

SNS Live

- "The era of US-China Competition, Korean Diplomacy at the crossroads" (February 28)

March

**The Presidency in Korea 2013**

- Byong-joon Kim, former Deputy Prime Minister. "The Successful Execution of Presidential Duties" (March 22)

EAI Policy Report

- Conference on "Korea's Strategy for Development Cooperation: Enhancing Aid Effectiveness through Complex Networking" (March 23) [PHOTO](#)

International Conference

- The CoC Inaugural Conference. EAI participated as a CoC's founding member of South Korea. (Washington D.C., March 12-13)
- Trilateral Dialogue Conference on "Assessment of Regional Policies of Middle Powers" (Tokyo, March 24)

April

**The Presidency in Korea 2013**

- Dong-Kwan Lee, former Presidential Spokesperson. "The Presidency and Building a Political Support Base" (April 5)

EAI 10th Anniversary**Distinguished Lecture Series**

- Chi-Ha Kim, Poet and Playwright. "Words of Wisdom for 2012" (April 5)

EAI Policy Report

- Sook-Jong Lee, EAI President. "Does Kim Signal World Bank Changes?" Featured in the Council on Foreign Relations' Expert Roundup (April 18)

Smart Talk

- Rory Medcalf, Director of the International Security Program, Lowy Institute. "Future of Extended Nuclear Deterrence in East Asia" (April 26) [PHOTO](#)

May

**The Presidency in Korea 2013**

- Won Jong Lee, former Senior Secretary to the President for Political Affairs. "The Presidency and Effective Leadership" (May 11)

Smart Talk

- Robert Kagan, "The World America Made and Current Challenges in East Asia" (May 22)
- William H. Tobey, "Stemming the Threat of Nuclear Terrorism and Proliferation, Globally and in Northeast Asia" (May 16)

EAI Fellows Program

- Kai He, Professor, Utah State University. (May 29)

EAI 10th Anniversary Distinguished Lecture Series

- Uchang Kim, Chair Professor, Ewha Womans University. "The Ideals of an Ethical State" (May 31)

EAI 10th Anniversary Celebration (May 31) PHOTO

June

**EAI Fellows Program**

- Thomas Berger, Professor, Boston University. (June 7) PHOTO

Smart Talk

- Mark E. Manyin, Specialist in Asian Affairs, U.S. Congressional Research Service. "A South Korean-Japanese Strategic Partnership" (June 14)

The Presidency in Korea 2013

- Jong-in Kim, former Senior Secretary to the President for Economic Affairs. "The Presidency and Economic Democracy" (June 21)

EAI 10th Anniversary Distinguished Lecture Series

- Jihang Park, Professor, Seoul National University (June 21)

EAI Policy Report

- Forum on "Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea's Foreign Policy" (June 27)

July

**The Presidency in Korea 2013**

- Hyung Jun Park, former Senior Secretary to the President for Political Affairs. "The Limitations of Statecraft and the Presidency" (July 12)
- Kyoung-Ryung Seoung, former Presidential Policy Director. "Keys to a Successful Presidency in South Korea" (July 27)

Smart Talk

- Yeh-chung Lu, Professor, National Cheng-chi University of Taiwan. "G2 and the Future of the Asia-Pacific Region" (July 13)

EAI GlobalNet 21 Forum

- Sung Kim, Ambassador of the US to the Republic of Korea. "US-ROK Relations in a Changing World" (July 17) PHOTO

August

**The Presidency in Korea 2013**

- Kwang-ok Han, former Chief of Staff to the President. "Prerequisites and Qualifications for Successful Presidency" (August 9)

EPIK Young Leaders**Conference**

- "Drawing New Lines: Values, Institutions, and Governance" (August 14)

The 4th Intern Homecoming

Day (August 14) PHOTO

September



2012 EAI Social Sciences Lecture Series

- Young-Sun Ha, EAI Chairman. "Historical Transformation of the East Asian Regional Order and the Korean Peninsula: From Tianxia to Complexity" (September 20) [PHOTO](#)

October



Smart Talk

- Harold Hongju Koh, Legal Adviser, US State Department. "International Relations and Human Rights Issue in East Asia" (October 12) [PHOTO](#)

NetKAL Leadership Conference

- Raymond Rivera et al. (October 12)

EAI Fellows Program

- Peter Van Ness, Professor, Australia National University. (October 22)

International Conference

- Trilateral Dialogue Conference (Taipei, October 29)
- The First CoC Regional Conference. "Asia at the Crossroads: Regional Priorities for the Twenty First Century" (Singapore, October 30-31)

November



International Conference

- EAI-CSIS Conference on "US-ROK Cooperation for Global Nuclear Governance" (Washington D.C., November 16) [PHOTO](#)

December



EAI-Channel A, Special Panel Discussion

- "Keys to Successful Presidency in South Korea" (December 1)

EAI Policy Report

- Conference on "Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea's Foreign Policy" (December 3) [PHOTO](#)

Smart Talk

- David A. Welch, Senior Fellow, Center for International Governance Innovation; Seung Hyok Lee, Professor, University of Waterloo. "Island Disputes and the 'Democratization' of East Asian National Security Decision Making" (December 20)

January

**EAI Fellows Program**

- Yu Zheng, Professor, University of Connecticut. (January 8)

EAI Policy Report

- “Keys to a Successful Presidency in South Korea” (January 15) [PHOTO](#)

EAI Intern Seminar

- Burwell B. Bell, retired General, US Forces Korea (January 28)

February

**EAI Policy Report**

- Chaesung Chun, Asia Security Initiative Research Center Chair, EAI. “Global Advice for Obama’s Second Term.” Featured in the Council on Foreign Relations’ Expert Roundup (February 7) [PHOTO](#)

March

**EAI Sarangbang Social Sciences Seminar**

- Young-Sun Ha, EAI Chairman. “Contemporary World Politics Lecture” (March 8)

International Conference

- The Second CoC Annual Conference (Washington, D.C., March 10-12)

Smart Talk

- Scott Snyder, Senior Fellow, US Council on Foreign Relations. “60 Years of Partnership and Shared Prosperity: US Foreign Policy on Northeast Asia” (March 18)

Domestic Conference

- “The Challenges, Analysis, and Evolution of Trust in South Korea’s Party Politics” (March 29) [PHOTO](#)

April

**Middle Power Diplomacy Roundtable**

- David Chatterson, Ambassador of Canada to Korea. “Middle Power Diplomacy of Canada and Its Implications for South Korea” (April 3)

EAI Policy Report

- Conference on “FTA 2.0: A New Trade Strategy for South Korea” (April 25)

International Conference

- MOFA-EAI, International Conference on “New Strategic Thinking: Planning for Korean Foreign Policy” (April 29) [PHOTO](#)

May

**EAI Policy Report**

- The First Press Conference on “South Korean-Japanese Public Perceptions” Survey (Tokyo, May 8)
- US Embassy-EAI-Department of Public Affairs of Sungkyunkwan University, Conference on “North Korea Policy 2013” (May 21)

Smart Talk

- Abraham M. Denmark, Vice President for Political and Security Affairs, National Bureau of Asian Research. “The Future of US Alliances and Partnerships in Asia” (May 10)

International Conference

- The First Korea-Japan Future Dialogue (Tokyo, May 11) [PHOTO](#)
- EAI-CSIS Conference on “Strengthening ROK-US Strategic Cooperation: Nuclear Governance and the North Korean Problem” (Washington, May 17)

June

**Smart Talk**

- Thomas M. Countryman, Assistant Secretary for International Security and Nonproliferation, US Department of State. “Global and Regional Challenges to International Security and Nonproliferation” (June 4) [PHOTO](#)

KF-EAI Korea Friendship

- Hoe-Chan Roh, Representative, Progressive Justice Party. “Korean Democracy and National Assembly Reform” (June 18)
- Jun Seok Lee, Founder, Edushare. “Education in Korea” (June 20)
- Won-Taek Kang, Professor, Seoul National University. “Politics in Korea” (June 25)
- In-sun Kang, Editor, Chosun Ilbo. “From Manuscript to Smartphone, Korean Media” (June 27)

July

**EAI Fellows Program**

- Yuan-Kang Wang, Professor, Western Michigan University. (July 2)
- Min Ye, Professor, Boston University. (July 8)

KF-EAI Korea Friendship

- Byung-Kook Kim, Professor, Korea University. “Modernization and Democratization in South Korea” (July 2) [PHOTO](#)
- Yvonne Yoon-Hee Kim, Director, Asia Society Korea Center. “How to Overcome the Culture Shock” (July 4)
- Chaesung Chun, Professor, Seoul National University. “National Security and Foreign Affairs in South Korea” (July 9)
- Emmanuel Pastreich, Professor, Kyung Hee University. “Rediscovering Traditional Korean Culture” (July 11)

Smart Talk

- Vinod Aggarwal, Professor, University of California at Berkeley. “US Trade Linkage Strategies in Free Trade Agreements and a Comparison to the EU” (July 11)

August

**EPIK Young Leaders Conference**

- “When is Conflict Better than Cooperation?” (August 8)

KF-EAI Korea Friendship

- Next Generation Conference
- Next Generation Town Hall Meeting (August 8)

The 5th Intern Homecoming Day (August 8)**Middle Power Diplomacy Roundtable**

- Edmundo Fujita, Ambassador of Brazil to Korea. “Middle Power Diplomatic Strategy of Brazil and Policy Recommendations for South Korea” (August 19) [PHOTO](#)

Announcement

- EAI Chairman Young-Sun Ha and President Sook-Jong Lee were named to South Korean President’s Civilian National Security Advisory Panel. (August 27)

September



EAI Sarangbang Social Sciences Seminar

- Young-Sun Ha, EAI Chairman. "The History of the East Asian Regional Order" (September 6)

International Conference

- EAI-CISAC Conference on "Future Direction for ROK-US Nuclear Cooperation" (September 13)
- The Third CoC Regional Conference. "Europe and the Future of Global Governance" (Rome, September 8-10)

Middle Power Diplomacy Roundtable

- William Paterson, Ambassador of Australia to Korea. "Middle Power Diplomatic Strategy of Australia and Policy Recommendations for South Korea" (September 26) [PHOTO](#)

October



EAI Policy Report

- Conference on "Beyond *Trustpolitik* on the Korean Peninsula" (October 21)

EAI GlobalNet 21 Forum

- Kihl-jae Ryoo, Minister of Unification. "Park Administration's North Korea Policy" (October 8) [PHOTO](#)

Smart Talk

- David Welch, Centre for International Governance Innovation; Paul Evans, University of British Columbia. (October 17)

Asia Democracy Network

- Inaugural Meeting (October 21-23)

Middle Power Diplomacy Roundtable

- Jose Luis Bernal Rodriguez, Ambassador of Mexico to Korea. "Middle Power Diplomatic Strategy of Mexico and Policy Recommendations for South Korea" (October 31)

November



EAI Experts Seminar

- Robert Luskin, Professor, University of Texas at Austin. "Deliberation and Its Effects: The View from Deliberative Polling" (November 14)

Asia Democracy Network

- Asia Democracy Research Network (ADRN) Inaugural Meeting and Workshop (November 25-26) [PHOTO](#)

December



KF-EAI Korea Friendship

- Gala (December 2) [PHOTO](#)

EAI 11th Anniversary Evening Gala (December 10)

Strategic Thinking and Policy Articulation



October 21, 2013

"Beyond *Trustpolitik* on the Korean Peninsula" Conference

Complex Diplomacy

As the foundational concept for EAI's peace and security studies, complex diplomacy addresses a twenty-first-century world where power is no longer centered on nation-states but has become diffused. To date, however, state actors have not excelled at dealing with this complex system, leading many to question their performance. Thus, EAI formulated complex diplomacy to deal with the nuances of a global order that can no longer be described in black and white.



Chaesung Chun
Chair, EAI Asia Security
Initiative Research Center;
Professor, Seoul National
University

In its milestone publication, *Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea's Foreign Policy* (2013), EAI detailed complex diplomacy, which links South Korea's North Korea policy, the ROK-US alliance, and regional policy influenced by the rise of China. It calls for mobilizing all capabilities of hard power, soft power, and network power and various non-state actors related to target states and issues. In doing so, South Korea's strategic vision in East Asia must establish a "symbiotic complex network" that can secure a peaceful power shift in the region and buffer the impact of transition in the coming decades. To build this network, the key tasks are to

increase the scope and depth of the ROK-US alliance and to upgrade the strategic cooperative partnership with China.

Coevolutionary Strategy

Based on the concept of complex diplomacy, EAI's North Korea panel proposed the coevolutionary strategy as an alternative to South Korea's alternating policies of containment and engagement. The new strategy emphasizes the importance of reciprocity between South and North Korea in order to encourage Pyongyang to move away from military-first politics to an economy-first system. In *Future of North Korea 2032: Coevolutionary Strategy for the Advancement* (2012) and "Beyond Trustpolitik on the Korean Peninsula" (2013), EAI experts argued that South Korea should first understand the strategic environment facing North Korea. Pyongyang must also understand it is impossible to secure both regime survival and economic prosperity if it continues to pursue its military-first politics. To bring about internal change, South Korea should forge a favorable environment for Pyongyang, one in which the regime becomes more willing to pay political costs for change and chooses the path toward transformation.



Dongho Jo
Chair, EAI Center for North
Korea Studies;
Professor, Ewha Womans
University

August 27
EAI Chairman Young-Sun Ha and President Sook-Jong Lee were named to South Korean President's Civilian National Security Advisory Panel.
(Source: Cheong Wa Dae)



May 3, 2012
Woo-Ik Yu, Minister of Unification
Ministry of Unification-EAI
Joint Conference
"Preparing for Korean Unification"



April 29, 2013
Byung-se Yun, Minister of Foreign Affairs
Ministry of Foreign Affairs-EAI
Joint Conference
"New Strategic thinking: Planning for Korean Foreign Policy"

October 8, 2013
Kihl-jae Ryoo
Minister of Unification
EAI GlobalNet 21 Forum



Middle Power Diplomacy

As South Korea's status rises in the international community, EAI has embarked upon its Middle Power Diplomacy Initiative (MPDI) to explore the potential for middle power diplomacy to serve as a viable option for South Korea. A series of MPDI working papers and issue briefings have highlighted that moving beyond narrowly defined national interests and promoting universal norms and values will be beneficial for South Korea in the long run to dilute tensions that derive from the US-China rivalry.

Policy Impact

During the Park Geun-hye administration, EAI's two major research topics — coevolutionary strategy and middle power diplomacy — have been embraced by the government. Along with complex diplomacy, EAI's coevolutionary strategy toward North Korea became the groundwork for President Park's *trustpolitik* strategy. EAI's MPDI research outcomes have also impacted the government's concept of responsible middle power diplomacy, which constituted one of the three foreign policy pillars of the Park administration. EAI experts have also been direct participants in South Korea's policy-making process along with government officials. EAI Chairman Young-Sun Ha and President Sook-Jong Lee were appointed members of the President's National Security Advisory Panel in 2013. Current Minister of Unification Kihl-jae Ryoo was also a member of EAI's North Korea research team prior to his appointment as minister. In addition, EAI experts Yul Sohn, Chaesung Chun, and Dongho Jo have served on the advisory committees to the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Unification, providing policy recommendations and laying out medium- to long-term foreign policy agendas.

EAI in the World

EAI Continuously Ranked among Top 100 Global Think Tanks

EAI is the first independent, nonprofit think tank in South Korea to be ranked among the world's top 100 think tanks. In January 2014, EAI was rated the No. 65 think tank in the world among the 6,826 institutions evaluated in the “2013 Global Go-To Think Tank Index Report” produced by the University of Pennsylvania's Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP). In the report's sub-categories, EAI was ranked No. 55 for foreign policy and international affairs studies and was ranked No. 54 in four other categories: outstanding policy-oriented public programs, best think tank conference, best transdisciplinary research program, and best use of social networks. Since its listing for the first time in the Asian regional think tank rankings in the 2010 report, EAI has been consistently placed within the world's top 100 think tanks every year.



Yul Sohn
Chair, EAI Center for Japan
Studies;
Professor, Yonsei University



November 16, 2012
EAI-CSIS Joint Conference
"US-ROK Cooperation for Global Nuclear Governance"
(Source: CSIS)



September 13, 2013
Siegfried Hecker, Professor, Stanford University
EAI-CSIS of Stanford University Joint Conference
"Future of Direction of ROK-US Nuclear Cooperation"

May 17, 2013
EAI-CSIS Joint Conference
"Strengthening ROK-US Strategic
Cooperation: Nuclear Governance and
the North Korean Problem"
(Source: CSIS)



April 25, 2013
Hyun-jong Kim, Former Minister of Trade
"FTA 2.0: A New Trade Strategy for South Korea" Conference



April 3, 2013
David Chatterton, Ambassador of Canada to Korea
Roundtable Discussion for Middle Power Diplomacy

Council of Councils

Initiated by the Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) in March 2012, the Council of Councils (CoC) is an international initiative to connect 24 world-class foreign policy think tanks in a dialogue to respond effectively to global challenges. EAI participates as a founding member and the sole representative organization from South Korea.

MacArthur Foundation

The John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation selected EAI as one of its three Asia Security Initiative core institutions for 2009-2012 to support the foundation's efforts to increase the effectiveness of international cooperation and promote peace and security in Asia.

Asia Democracy Network

As one of its founding institutions, EAI helped to launch the Asia Democracy Network (ADN) in October 2013. In order to promote and consolidate democracy in Asia, EAI led the efforts to establish the Asia Democracy Research Network (ADRN) — the research pillar of ADN.

The Go-To Place for Key Government Officials and Experts Abroad

Thomas Countryman, the assistant secretary for international security and nonproliferation at the US Department of State; and Harold Hongju Koh, the legal adviser of the US Department of State and former assistant secretary of state for democracy, human rights, and labor; and other high-ranking figures in the US government have chosen EAI as their go-to place when visiting Korea. Commander of US Forces Korea James Thurman has appointed two EAI senior research fellows as civilian consultants. The Embassy of the US in South Korea also selected EAI as the joint host institution for the

“2013 North Korea Policy” conference. The Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) of Canada turned its attention to EAI for its project on the security threats in East Asia. The Japanese think tank Genron NPO has chosen EAI as the joint host institution of the 2013-2014 “Korea-Japan Future Dialogue” conference. The Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) in the US has chosen EAI as the joint research institution for the project “Strengthening ROK-US Strategic Cooperation: Nuclear Governance and the North Korean Problem,” and Stanford University’s Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC) collaborated with EAI for the “Future Direction for ROK-US Nuclear Cooperation” project.

International Relations and Security Network

The International Relations and Security Network (ISN) has consistently published EAI’s English-language reports. It also sponsored the 2013 EPIK Young Leaders Conference.

European Council on Foreign Relations

The European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) is a pan-European think tank that conducts research and policy development. EAI is collaborating with the ECFR on the Future of East Asia project.

Partnership with BBC World Service

EAI has been in partnership with BBC World Service to conduct a survey in South Korea as part of its global opinion poll since 2005. The BBC World Service Poll has been conducted by an alliance of respected research institutes in over 50 countries, which is organized by GlobeScan, a world-famous opinion research company based in Toronto, Canada.

May 12, 2013
Sung Kim, Ambassador of the United States of America to Korea
EAI-US Embassy Seoul-Sungkyunkwan University
Joint Conference
"North Korea Policy 2013"

North Korea Policy Conference 2013

Tuesday May 21, 2013
Co-host: East Asia Institute • US Embassy Seoul • Department of Public Affairs, Sungkyunkwan University



October 12, 2012
Harold Hongju Koh
Legal Adviser of the US State Department
EAI Smart Talk Forum



May 11, 2013
Yoriko Kawaguchi
Former Foreign Minister of Japan;
LDP Member of the House of
Councillors
EAI-Genron NPO
The First Korea-Japan Future Dialogue

May 11, 2013
EAI-Genron NPO
The First Korea-Japan Future Dialogue



Network of Democracy Research Institutes

The Network of Democratic Research Institutes (NDRI), coordinated by the National Endowment for Democracy (NED), selected EAI as the model for South Korea's representative and successful democracy research institutes in June 2013.

Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace launched the "Rising Democracy Network" to examine the changing role of rising democracies. EAI is serving as a participating member and representative think tank from South Korea.

October 29, 2012
The 4th Trilateral Dialogue
Soeya Yoshihide, Keio University
Liu Fu-Kuo, National Chengchi University
Seung Joo Lee, Chung-Ang University



April 29, 2013
Ministry of Foreign Affairs-EAI
Joint Conference
"New Strategic thinking: Planning for
Korean Foreign Policy"
Qingguo Jia, Peking University
Victor Cha, Georgetown University
Dal-Joong Chang, Seoul National
University

Yong Wook Lee, Korea University
Middle Power Diplomacy Initiative
Research Team



Joo-Youn Jung, Korea University
Renaissance 2.0 Research Team



Accountable Government and Sustainable Society



January 15, 2013

"Keys to a Successful Presidency in South Korea" Conference

Keys to Successful Presidency in South Korea

EAI's research team continued the "Keys to Successful Presidency" project in 2012 to draw lessons from the performances of past Korean administrations. The goal was to evaluate their leadership and learn how to build better governance for South Korea. To this end, EAI invited cabinet members from the previous administrations to a series of roundtable discussions. As a result, EAI's research team produced a blueprint for a successful presidency, and the main findings were published in January 2013 in *Keys to Successful Presidency in South Korea*, copies of which were delivered to Park Geun-hye's presidential transition team.

Governance Communication

The failure to communicate effectively on matters of governance has hindered previous Korean presidencies. To solve this fundamental problem, the South Korean Office of the Minister for Special Affairs tasked EAI in 2012 to develop an index that evaluates the role and performance of communication in governance. While previous indices were limited to evaluating how the government communicates with the public, EAI's index considered the impact of socioeconomic infrastructure — a crucial factor in the fundamental perception of the public toward communication in governance. This unique approach received acclaim from the academic and policy-related communities for both its comprehensiveness and its applicability.

Transformational Leadership in Japan

"Japanese Leadership" project was launched in 2012 in recognition of Japan's importance to peace and sustainable growth in East Asia. EAI's research team analyzed transformational leaders who built Japan's contemporary political traditions. Dividing the Japanese leaders into two



Wont-Taek Kang
Chair of EAI Committee for
Civic Politics Panel;
Professor, Seoul National
University
The Presidency in Korea 2013
Research Team



Jaeyeol Yee
Professor, Seoul National
University
The Presidency in Korea 2013
Research Team



Kyu Sup Hahn
Professor, Seoul National
University
The Presidency in Korea 2013
Research Team



Sukhee Han
Chair, EAI Center for China
Studies;
Professor, Yonsei University

categories, “leadership under reconstruction and reforms of postwar Japan” and “leadership under the Japanese politics during the 2000s,” EAI conducted comparative studies on the role of leaders in Japanese politics and their political and theoretical implications.

Democracy Promotion in Asia

EAI has keenly observed the shrinking role of civil society in Asia, which has been exacerbated by the absence of leadership in promoting civil society activities and a regression in democracy movements. Accordingly, EAI has taken a leading role in creating a network of civil society organizations that strive for democratic governance and the promotion of human rights in Asia by participating in the Asia Democracy Network (ADN) as a convener in 2013.

In addition, EAI was integral in the simultaneous creation of the Asia Democracy Research Network (ADRN). As the research pillar of ADN, eleven ADRN institutions from nine countries will target the challenges that remain in democratic transition or consolidation in Asia and research how ADN can promote democracy and democratic governance through international cooperation and solidarity.

Powerful Institutions in Korea

Since 2004, EAI has conducted surveys on the public’s perception of the influence and credibility of the most powerful institutions in Korean society that are perceived to have leverage over governance and statecraft. EAI has attempted to bring positive changes to these institutions by relaying the public perceptions to them. In the 2013 survey, the Korean public rated the influence of business conglomerates on governance as greater than that of major political parties, civic groups, self-interest groups, and governmental agencies despite the public’s high level of distrust toward them. It also found that the public’s perception of the ruling party had improved, but the view of the opposition party remained negative. Liberal groups and progressive civic organizations were also ranked low. Considering their poor performance, EAI argued that the development of an advanced governance structure lies far in the future if these powerful institutions fail to retain credibility with the public.

Creating Shared Value (CSV)

EAI relaunched a corporate social responsibility (CSR) research project in 2013 due to concerns that if CSR is used solely as a public relations strategy for corporations, it will ignite public distrust of conglomerates rather than strengthen the maturity of Korean society. For the sustainable development of Korean society, it is necessary to respond to misguided notions in recent CSR debates. To this end, EAI has partnered with GlobeScan on CSR perception surveys and has published a *CSR Monitor* issue briefing series. Through these publications, EAI is working to shape public perceptions of corporate social responsibility and of how corporations and society can create shared value and promote sustainable CSR through the CSV approach.



“Keys to Successful Presidency in South Korea” Roundtable

Byong-Joon Kim, Policy Director & Deputy Prime Minister during the Roh Moo-hyun Administration

Jong-in Kim, Chief Economic Adviser during the Roh Tae-woo Administration

Kyoung-ryung Sung, Policy Director during the Roh Moo-hyun Administration

Hyung-Jun Park, Presidential Public Relations Chief during the Lee Myung-bak Administration

Yeo-Joon Yoon, Chief of the Bureau of Public Information during the Kim Young-sam Administration



Dong-Kwan Lee, Presidential Public Relations Chief during the Lee Myung-bak Administration

Won-Jong Lee, Chief Political Affairs Adviser during the Kim Young-sam Administration

Kwang-ok Han, Chief of Staff during the Kim Dae-jung Administration



Analyzing Trends and Attitudes



Nae-Young Lee,
Chair, EAI Center for Public Opinion Research;
Professor, Korea University

2012 Elections in Korea: EAI Calls the Winners

EAI's electoral studies on South Korea's general and presidential elections of 2012 were distinctive — and successful — in three different aspects. First, while most studies focused on the public's demand for change and the impact of voters in their twenties and thirties, EAI targeted the increase of “ambivalent voters,” whose interests did not necessarily fall under South Korea's political traditions. Their overall support for the opposition, however, was not large enough, which led EAI to predict the election would be a close call instead of a landslide opposition victory — the most common prediction by their experts. In the end, EAI's analysis was correct.

Second, EAI accurately called that the “5060” generation — voters in their fifties and sixties — would trump the increased participation of the “2030” generation, who support the opposition party. South

Korea has become an aging society. The newcomers to this older generation had become dissatisfied with the opposition party. Owing to the 5060 generation's support of then presidential candidate Park Geun-hye, EAI argued that the 2012 elections would swing toward her incumbent party. Indeed, the younger generation cast more votes on Election Day than previously, but it was not enough to defeat Park.

Lastly, EAI adopted a distinctive research methodology that was critical in its successful analysis of South Korea's 2012 elections and has since been regarded as the most accurate among its peers. Beginning with the 2006 local elections, EAI has pioneered the use of panel studies to analyze South Korean elections. In addition, monthly surveys have enabled EAI to adopt a refined analysis of political trends.

December 1, 2012
EAI-Channel A,
Special Panel Discussion
“Keys to a Successful
Presidency in South Korea”



Regional Surveys:

Finding the Roots of East Asian Strife

In early 2013 the new South Korean administration was faced with such a large number of internal and external challenges that EAI chose to strengthen its public opinion analysis of policy issues. In light of North Korea's threatening posture and shutdown of the Kaesong industrial complex, EAI conducted its "2013 Politics and Security Survey" to measure the public's perception of security. EAI found that the heightened security crisis prompted more progressives to acknowledge the importance of the ROK-US alliance, while more conservatives started to reject hard-line policies against North Korea. EAI recognized this trend as an increase of nonideological voices in South Korea and pointed out the need for a more complex North Korea policy that does not fit a certain category.

EAI also noticed that South Korean perceptions toward China and Japan were worsening. Through the "2013 South Korea-China National Perception Survey," EAI concluded that China's growing military power, its North Korea policy, trade issues with South Korea, and disagreements over history were negatively influencing South Koreans' perceptions toward China. Concurrently, EAI discovered that Japan's claim to the Dokdo islands, distortion of history, and political shift toward the right were encouraging anti-Japanese sentiment, while the Japanese public was also exhibiting rising anti-Korean sentiment. In conjunction with Genron NPO, EAI presented the survey results in May 2013, which received significant media attention.



Dong Ryul Lee
Chair, EAI China Research Panel;
Professor, Dongduk Women's
University

Global Analysis: Great Power Perceptions

In recognition of important global trends such as the rise of China, EAI has been participating in the BBC World Service Global Poll project as the designated South Korean research center. As part of this international project, EAI found that global approval ratings toward the United States and China stagnated in 2013, with less than the majority showing positive opinions. Although positive perceptions of China exceeded those of the United States in 2012, the approval ratings drew closer to the United States in 2013. This suggests the world had greater expectations for China after the global financial crisis, but Beijing could not be considered an alternative to Washington in the global economy. EAI also found that mutual perceptions in East Asia were going through a general decline, which could potentially factor into regional instability.



May 7, 2013

The First Korea-Japan Joint Opinion Poll Conference
 Jung Kim, Chief of Staff to the President, EAI
 Wonchil Chung, Senior Research Fellow, EAI
 Kudo Yasushi, President, Genron NPO



November 14, 2013

Robert C. Luskin
 Professor, University of Texas at Austin
 Experts Seminar
 "Deliberation and Its Effects: The View from Deliberative Polling"



March 29, 2013

EAI-The Korean Association of Party System-IITC of Ewha Womans University, Joint Conference
 "The Challenges, Analysis, and Evolution of Trust in South Korea's Party Politics"
 EAI Election Panel Research Team
 Won-ho Park, Professor, Seoul National University
 Seung-Jin Jang, Professor, Kookmin University
 Hyun-Jin Seo, Professor, Sungshin Women's University
 Jun-Seok Kim, Professor, Dongguk University
 Han Wool Jeong, Senior Research Fellow & Chief of Staff to the President, EAI

Think, Learn, and Experience



July 2, 2013

KF-EAI Korea Friendship Academicus
Byung-Kook Kim, Professor, Korea University

Korea Friendship Program for International Students

As the world turns its attention to South Korea, more students from around the world yearn to learn about the country's society, culture, and politics. The KF-EAI Korea Friendship project, an educational engagement program for international students, co-hosted with the Korea Foundation, seeks to fill this gap. The project consists of three programs: (1) Korea Friendship Academicus, a lecture series to help students learn about various aspects of Korea from distinguished experts and scholars in their fields; (2) Korea Friendship Communicus, an essay competition in which participants present essays on South Korea; and (3) Korea Friendship Empathicus, a networking opportunity that included roundtables with ambassadors to Korea. Through this project, the next generation of global leaders from 44 countries had the opportunity to explore, communicate with, and understand Korea in 2013.



KF-EAI Korea Friendship Academicus



EAI Internship Summer 2013 interns

EAI Internship

Aiming to provide opportunities to strengthen participants' capabilities and experiences as leading members of our society, the EAI internship program offers both educational and professional training to passionate and talented young individuals. As part of sharing ideas and knowledge, EAI conducts weekly seminars where interns share their opinions on current issues and engage with EAI staff members on selected topics. In addition, EAI interns take part in international conferences, forums, roundtable discussions, and research project meetings to witness up-to-date discussions on current issues among leading experts. Such opportunities include exchange programs with the United States Forces Korea (USFK) and the US Embassy in Seoul. As an integral part of EAI's daily operation, EAI interns learn how ideas are developed into tangible products by supporting research and organizing public events.

EAI *Sarangbang* Seminar

In order to provide students with an in-depth opportunity to study the interconnected issues of Korean society by examining historical transitions throughout the East Asia regional order, EAI launched the *Sarangbang* Social Sciences Seminar in 2013 for undergraduate and graduate students. Assembling a small group of future decision makers, experts, and global leaders, EAI organized an intense educational program for such promising students. The spring weekly seminar focused on “Contemporary World Politics,” followed by “The History of the East Asian Regional Order: From *Tianxia* to Complexity” in the fall. Based on international relations theory, political philosophy, and history, the EAI *Sarangbang* Social Sciences Seminars hope to foster the next generation of global leaders.

EPIK Young Leaders Conference

EAI’s Exchange Panel for Interdisciplinary Knowledge (EPIK) is a network of current and former EAI interns that seeks to exchange and communicate ideas across various fields of study. Since 2010, the panel has been organizing the EPIK Young Leaders Conference, an annual international academic conference, to provide students from all over the world an opportunity to develop their academic thinking, ideas, and visions. Through an independent steering committee, members of the EPIK plan, organize, advertise, and host the conference as EAI partners.



EAI *Sarangbang* Social Sciences Seminar
Fall Semester 2013



August 8, 2013
EPIK Young Leaders Conference
Hoo Ri Kim, 1st prize awardee



August 8, 2013
EPIK Young Leaders Conference
Participants and Jai Kwan Jung, Professor, Korea University

August 8, 2013
KF-EAI Korea Friendship Next Generation Conference
Participants and Jae Hyeok Shin, Professor, Korea University



August 14, 2012
EAI Intern Homecoming Day



December 2, 2013
KF-EAI Korea Friendship Gala



June 7, 2013
KF-EAI Korea Friendship Next Generation Town Hall Meeting



Sharing Knowledge and Insight

EAI's push to stay at the forefront of research has been pursued through the creation and consistent release of the *Journal of East Asian Studies*, books, Working Papers, Issue Briefings, and Memos. Recently, EAI launched its signature *JisikMaru* Talks (Knowledge Forum Talks), and Smart Q&As, which utilize SNS and videos as channels to share the knowledge. The research outcomes are translated into English and Chinese to reach a broader spectrum of readers.

Journal of East Asian Studies

The *Journal of East Asian Studies* (*JEAS*) has achieved critical acclaim in academic circles for the past 13 years. In 2008, *JEAS* achieved a major milestone when it became the first journal among Korean nonprofit think tanks to be registered in the Social Science Citation Index (SSCI). *JEAS* has become a world-leading East Asian area study journal through the contributions of specialists from various fields who serve on the editorial committee. Dr. Stephan Haggard of the University of California at San Diego serves as the editor, aided by six associate editors and the editorial board with 35 renowned scholars. *JEAS* is published three times a year by Lynne Rienner Publishers and has received support from the National Research Foundation of Korea since 2006. According to the *Journal Citation Report* in 2013, *JEAS* had the highest impact factor among Korean academic journals registered in SSCI.

Featured Articles in 2012-2013

- Dean Lacy and Emerson M. S. Niou, "Information and Heterogeneity in Issue Voting: Evidence from the 2008 Presidential Election in Taiwan," Vol.12, No.1.
- Björn Jerdén and Linus Hagström, "Rethinking Japan's China Policy: Japan as an Accommodator in the Rise of China, 1978-2011," Vol.12, No.2.
- Edmund Malesky and Paul Schuler, "Star Search: Do Elections Help Nondemocratic Regimes Identify New Leaders?" Vol.13, No.1.
- Special Issue on "International Relations Theory and East Asian History," edited by David C. Kang, Vol.13, No.2.



Stephan Haggard,
JEAS Editor
Professor, University of California at
San Diego

Books

EAI's book publications capture the dynamics of world and regional issues with critical thoughts and passion, earning world recognition in the process. To reward EAI's publication success, the South Korean Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism selected *Theory of East Asian International Relations, Crisis and Complexity: Changing World Order after the Financial Crisis*, and *Japan and East Asia: Regional Cooperation and Community Building* as Outstanding Academic Books for 2012. In 2012-2013, EAI published eleven new books covering a wide range of its research activities.

Online Publications

The EAI Working Paper series features in-depth academic research and policy reports on specific topics. The series includes EAI Special Reports, EAI Opinion, and the EAI Middle Power Diplomacy Initiative Working Paper Series. Working papers from EAI's National Security Panel (NSP) are also available online. To provide timely analysis, EAI regularly publishes Issue Briefings, Reviews, and Commentaries in partnership with ongoing projects, such as MPDI and the MacArthur Asia Security Initiative.

Briefings of roundtables, interviews, seminars, and discussions hosted by EAI are also documented and published online as part of the EAI Memo series. This series includes Smart Talks — roundtable discussions by domestic and international experts on current issues — and Smart Q&As — interviews with featured experts.



Vinod Aggarwal
Professor, UC Berkeley
Smart Q&A

Multimedia

EAI offers multimedia contents to connect the public with valuable analyses. Video archives of EAI seminars and conferences, such as the EAI Social Sciences Lecture Series and the Korea Friendship Academicus, international conferences, and Smart Q&As can be easily found on the EAI Web site.



EAI Publications in English

1. Between Compliance and Conflict: East Asia, Latin America, and the “New” Pax Americana
2. Power and Security in Northeast Asia: Shifting Strategies
3. Party Politics in East Asia: Citizens, Elections, and Democratic Development 35
4. Collective Violence in Indonesia
5. Public Diplomacy and Soft Power in East Asia
6. The Park Chung Hee Era: The Transformation of South Korea
7. Future of North Korea 2032: Coevolutionary Strategy for the Advancement
8. Adapt, Fragment, Transform: Corporate Restructuring and System Reform in South Korea

EAI Peace and Security Book Series*

1. Korea’s Grand Strategy for a New Century: Weaving a Network State
2. Korean-American Alliance: A Vision and a Roadmap
3. North Korean Nuclear Crisis and Peace on the Korean Peninsula
4. 2020 China Risk: Long-Term Forecast for the Chinese Economy and the Risk Analysis
5. Korea-US Security Partnership: Institutional Transformation and Renovation
6. East Asian Community: Myth and Reality
7. The Emergence of Complex Alliances in the 21st Century
8. Future of North Korea 2032: Coevolutionary Strategy for the Advancement
9. Global Superpower? Prospects for China’s Future
10. Japan and East Asia: Regional Cooperation and Community Building
11. Crisis and Complexity: Changing World Order after the Financial Crisis
12. Theory of East Asian International Relations
13. US-China Relations 2025
14. Young-Sun Ha on International Politics: A Collection of Columns from 1991 to 2011, Vol I
15. Young-Sun Ha on International Politics: A Collection of Columns from 1991 to 2011, Vol II
16. Korea’s Role in Global Governance for Development Cooperation
17. From Cooperation to Coevolution: Strategy of Inter-Korean Economic Cooperation
18. Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea’ Foreign Policy
19. A Bridge over Differences: Letters from Pyongyang to Seoul, from Seoul to Pyongyang

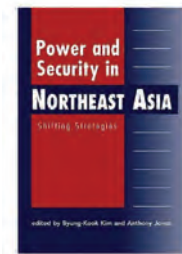
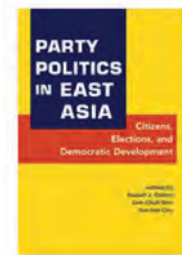
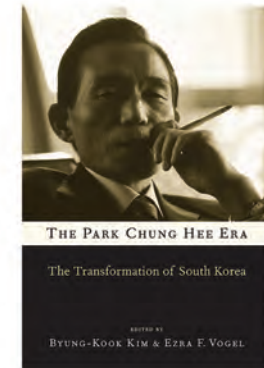
EAI Democracy Studies Book Series*

1. The Presidency in Korea, Vol I
2. The Presidency in Korea, Vol II
3. Political Reform in Korea: Election System and Political Parties
4. Political Reform in Korea
5. Legislative Reform in Korea
6. Making Democracy Work in South Korea: Reform for Economic Prosperity
7. Constitutional Reform and Decentralization: A Road to Democratic Deepening
8. Presidential Transitions in Korea
9. The Art of Survival: A History of the British Conservative Party
10. Toward Managed Globalization: The Korean Experience
11. Keys to Successful Presidency in South Korea
12. Japan’s Leadership for Revival: Crisis and Reconstruction in the Postwar Era

EAI Public Opinion Book Series*

1. Dilemma and Choice of Roh MooHyun Government
2. Korean Politics and National Identity
3. Changing Korean Voters: Analysis of the 2006 Korean Local Election Panel Studies
4. Changing Korean Voters 2: Analysis of the 2007 Korean Presidential Election Panel Studies
5. Changing Korean Voters 3
6. Changing Korean Voters 4: Analysis of the 2010 Korean Local Election Panel Studies
7. Understanding Korean Identity: Through the Lens of Opinion Survey
8. Changing Korean Voters 5: Analysis of the 2012 General Election and Presidential Election Panel Studies

*These titles are published in Korean.



Fellows Program on Peace, Governance, and Development in East Asia

The Fellows Program on Peace, Governance, and Development in East Asia was established in 2005 as an international exchange program for scholars with expertise in East Asia. It invites established and next-generation East Asia specialists from the United States, Canada, Europe, Australia, and other non-Asian regions to give seminars and lectures based on unpublished articles submitted exclusively for the Fellows Program during their visit of three weeks to two or more institutions of higher education in East Asia. The program has been funded by the Japan Foundation, the Chiang Ching-kuo Foundation for International Scholarly Exchange of Taiwan, and YBM/KIS, an education institute of Korea. The participating institutions are EAI, Fudan University in Shanghai, Keio University in Tokyo, Peking University in Beijing, and National Taiwan University in Taipei. They provide each fellow an opportunity to develop a strong network with East Asian scholars and practitioners.



EAI Fellows in 2012-2013

Knowledge Network, EAI's Partner Institutions

Keio University
National Taiwan University
International Relations and Security Network (ISN)
Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI)
GlobeScan
Dong-A Ilbo / Channel A
University of Macau
Maeil Business Newspaper
John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation
Council Foreign Relation (CFR)

Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS)
Peking University
BBC
Research Center for Social Enterprise
Samyang
SBS
Sungkyunkwan University

Motivation and Commitment

EAI, an independent and nonpartisan organization, is devoted to analytic research and serving the public interest by focusing on public policy, institutions, and East Asian affairs. We are dedicated to building an East Asia where liberal democracy, market economy, open society, and peace flourish. This goal is made possible through the support of philanthropic foundations, corporations, and private individuals. As of November 2013, 284 supporters assist EAI's research. In 2012, EAI celebrated its 10th anniversary to show its gratitude and respect for the supporters over the past decade.





April 2013
EAI Supporters' Meeting



August 2013
EAI Supporters' Meeting



August 2013
EAI Supporters' Meeting



December 2012
EAI Supporters' Meeting



July 16, 2013
EAI Supporters' Forum with Minister Jae-wan Park



October 2012
EAI Supporters' Meeting

August 2013
EAI Supporters' Meeting

August 2013
EAI Supporters' Meeting



July 2013
EAI Supporters' Meeting

December 14, 2011
EAI 9th Anniversary Evening Gala





Hong-koo Lee
Former Chairman



Young-Sun Ha
Chairman



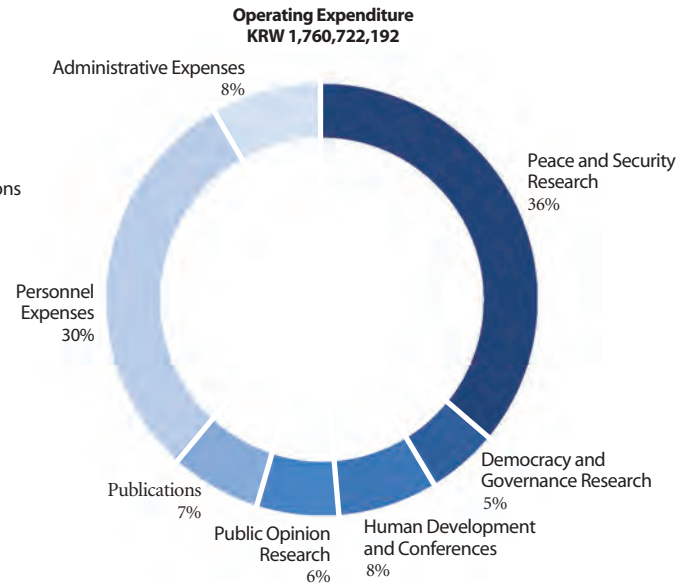
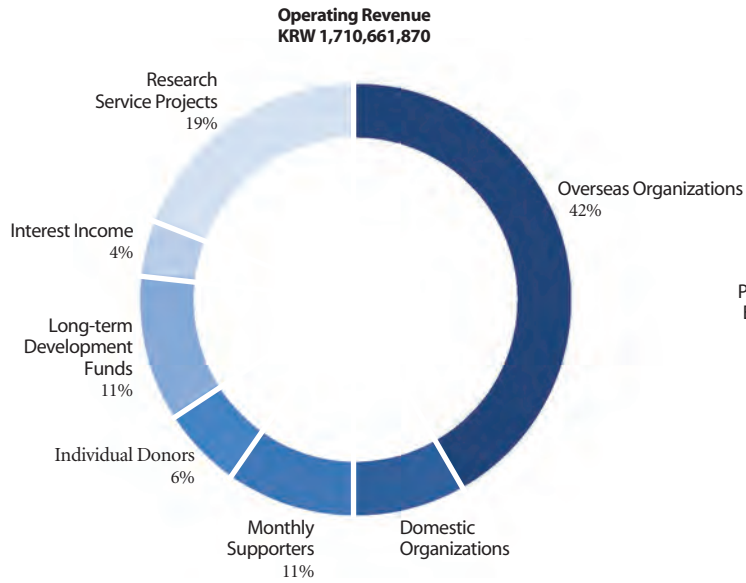
Former Chairman Hong-koo Lee
and President Sook-Jong Lee



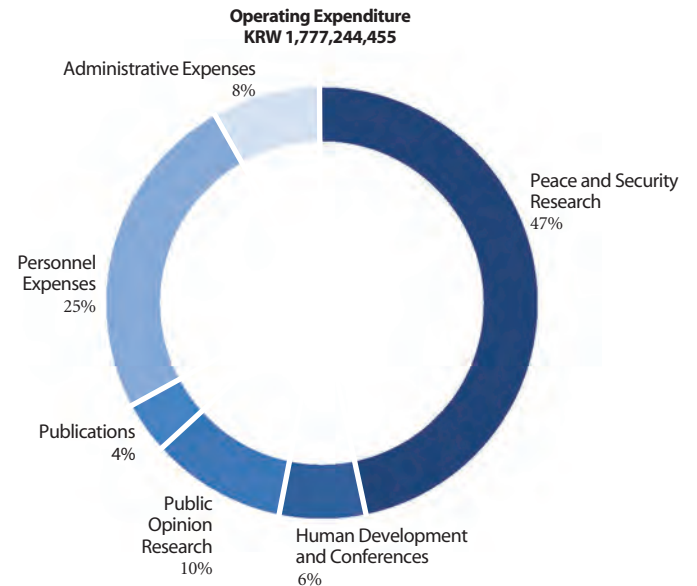
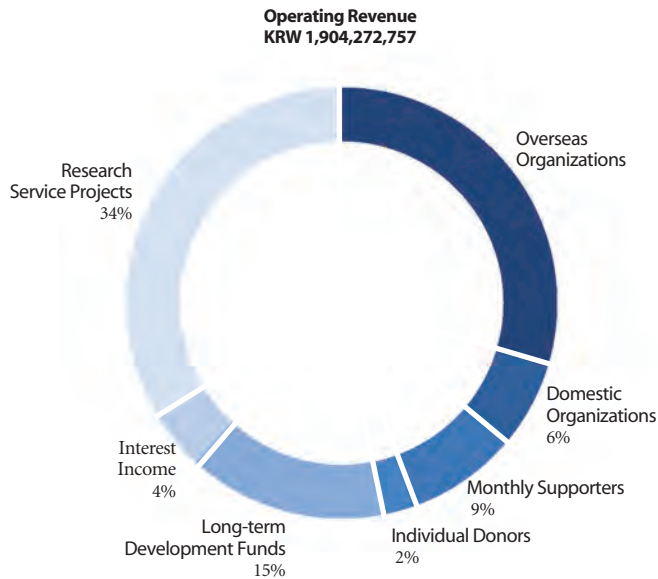
Byung-Kook Kim
Founder, EAI;
Professor, Korea University



Year 2011



Year 2012



National Security Panel

Young-Sun Ha
 YounKyo Kim
 Bong Kyo Seo
 Seong-Ho Sheen
 Yong Wook Lee
 Yoon Hee Kang
 Chi-wook Kim
 Byong Kwon Sohn
 Dong Ryul Lee
 Chaesung Chun
 Min Gyo Koo
 Sang Yoon Ma
 Yul Sohn
 Dong Sun Lee
 Dong-Joon Jo
 Sung-bae Kim
 Byung Kwang Park
 Beom-Shik Shin
 Seungjoo Lee
 Dongho Jo
 Jaewoo Choo

Japan Research Panel

Yul Sohn
 Gi-Jung Nam
 Jung Jin Park
 Kitae Lee
 Junghwan Lee
 Jemma Kim
 Myung Hee Park
 Cheol Hee Park
 Won-deog Lee
 Ji Young Lee
 Hee-sik Choi
 Euisuok Han

China Research Panel

Dongryul Lee
 Young-Jin Kim
 Bong Kyo Seo
 Dong Wook Won
 Jung-Nam Lee
 Ae Kyung Kim
 Byung-Kwang Park
 Jongho Shin
 Jangwon Lee
 Hwan-Woo Jung

Do-Hyung Ha
 Seok-Hee Han

EAI Security Net

Young-Sun Ha
 Yang Gyu Kim
 Dong Ryul Lee
 Sook-Jong Lee
 Dongho Jo
 Sung-bae Kim
 Chi-wook Kim
 Sang Hyun Lee
 Chaesung Chun
 Sukhee Han

North Korea Research Team

Dongho Jo
 Yeon Chul Kim
 Sun-Song Park
 Moon-Soo Yang
 Jong-ho Lee
 Suk-Jin Kim
 Hyun-Kyung Kim
 Chang-Heum Byeon
 Soojung Lee
 Hyung-Gon Kim

Renaissance 2.0 Research Team

Byung-Kook Kim
 Sunhyuk Kim
 Jin Seok Bae
 Yong Wook Lee
 Joo-Youn Jung

EAI-SBS Unification of Korea Research Team

Byung-Kook Kim
 Wonchil Chung
 Han Wool Jeong
 Hyung-Min Joo
 Young Jun Choi
 Wooseon Choi
 Tae-hee Hwang

Social Innovator Research Team

Byung-Kook Kim
 Jin Ho Chang
 Jae-kwan Jung
 Wonchil Chung
 Han Wool Jeong

EAI-ICNPM CSR Monitor Research Team

Jae-Hyuk Seo
 Young-Dong Lee
 Yong-Suk Jang
 Jae-kwan Jung
 Han Wool Jeong
 Nae-Young Lee
 Hyun-Woo Lee
 Heejin Jo
 Wonchil Chung

FTA 2.0 Research Panel

Yul Sohn
 Yeongkwan Song
 Seungjoo Lee
 Yong Wook Lee
 Chaesung Chun

Middle Power Diplomacy Initiative Research Team

Sangbae Kim
 Heung-kyu Kim
 Byung Kwang Park
 Dong Ryul Lee
 Seungjoo Lee
 Hyung-jong Kim
 Yongwook Ryu
 Yul Sohn
 Sook-Jong Lee
 Yong Wook Lee
 Chaesung Chun
 Kang Choi
 See Seng Tan

Smart Q&A

Jae Nam Ko
 Youn-June Park
 Lee Dong Ryul
 Bong-Geun Jun
 Hwan-Woo Jung
 Sung-Bae Kim
 Won Gon Park
 Sang Hyun Lee
 Chaesung Chun
 Dongho Jo
 Soo-Am Kim
 Byong Kwon Sohn
 Seungjoo Lee
 Jin Ho Jeon
 Jaewoo Choo
 Young Ho Kim
 Yul Sohn
 Yong Wook Lee
 Han Wool Jeong
 Myung-Hae Choi
 Sukhee Han
 Jihwan Hwang
 Young-Sun Ha
 Min Gyo Koo
 Terence Roehrig
 John S. Park
 Vinod Aggarwal
 Jan Melissen
 Thomas U. Berger
 L. Gordon Flake
 Siegfried S. Hecker

“Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea’s Foreign Policy” Forum

Yeon Chul Kim
 Sunsong Park
 Ihn-Hwi Park
 Sun-Taek Wang
 Nak-Geun Jung
 Byung Jae Cho
 Dae Seok Choi
 Jin Ha Hwang

“Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea’s Foreign Policy” Conference

Jeong-Woo Kil
Ihn-Hwi Park
Hak Soon Paik
Jeong-Seok Lee

Global Net 21 Forum

Hyun-Chong Kim
Sung Kim
Kihl-jae Ryoo

Korea’s Strategy for Development Cooperation

Sook-Jong Lee
Jeong-Woo Koo
Taekyoon Kim
Yul Sohn
Seungjoo Lee

US-China Relations 2025

Byung-Kook Kim
Jung Kim
Beom-Shik Shin
Yong Wook Lee
Chaesung Chun
Dong-Hun Kim
Yul Sohn
Dong Sun Lee
Hyung-Min Joo
Joo-Youn Jung
Doo-Hyun Cha
Kang Choi

“Beyond *Trustpolitik* on the Korean Peninsula” Research Team

Young-Sun Ha
Won Gon Park
Chaesung Chun
Dongho Jo

“Beyond *Trustpolitik* on the Korean Peninsula” Conference

Suk-Jin Kim
Do-hoon Lee
Jung-Chul Lee
Namhoon Cho
Hae-Sung Chun

EAI-CISAC Conference

Young-Sun Ha
Seong-ho Sheen
Sook-Jong Lee
Man-Sung Yim
Bong-Geun Jun
Chaesung Chun
Siegfried Hecker
Edward Blandford
Chaim Braun
Robert Forrest

EAI-CSIS Conference

Toby Dalton
Scott Snyder
William Tobey
Thomas Moore
Sharon Squassoni
Gordon Flake
Gary Samore
Victor Cha
John Hamre
Andrew Schwartz
Buce Klingner

Nuclear Security Summit Research Team

Sungbae Kim
Seong-ho Sheen
Chaesung Chun
Jin Ho Jeon
Sang Hyun Lee

MOFA-EAI International Conference

Ihn-Hwi Park

Byung-se Yun
Sook-Jong Lee
Chaesung Chun
Young-Sun Ha
Yul Sohn
Sang Hyun Lee
Dal-Joong Chang
Kang Choi
Yong-Pyo Hong
Kenji Kanasugi
Qingguo Jia
Esat Safak Göktürk
Peter Hill
Daniel Drezner

“FTA 2.0: A New Trade Strategy for South Korea” Conference

Hyun-jong Kim
Hyung Joo Kim
Sung-Hoon Park
Jeong-hui Jeon
Kyung-lim Choi
Nak-gyun Choi

Korea’s Strategy for Development Cooperation: Enhancing Aid Effectiveness through Complex Networking

Yul Kwon
Huck-ju Kwon
Seonghoon Lee
Jeong-taek Lim
Jae-yun Chang
Moonjoong Tcha

Korea-Japan Public Opinion Poll

Jung Kim
Wonchil Chung
Kazuo Ogura
Yuho Nishimura
Yasushi Kudo

EAI-Genron NPO Korea-Japan Future Dialogue

Hae Gyeong Kim
Jinwon Park
Yul Sohn
Sook-Jong Lee
Tae-sik Lee
Hee-jung Kim
Young Kyo Seo
Jong-Koo Yoon
Jun Seok Lee
Ji-Myung Hong
Ryoichi Matsuyama
Ito Ryoji
Yamamoto Kozo
Kazuo Ogura
Shintaro Ito
Yoriko Kawaguchi
Yoko Ohtake
Kazuhiko Yamamoto
Yasushi Kudo
Tetsuya Hakoda

Middle Power Diplomacy Roundtable

David Chatterson
William Paterson
Edmundo Sussumu Fujita
Vishnu Prakash
Jose Luis Bernal Rodriguez
Chan-ho Kang
Tae-Hyung Kim
Baek-soon Lee
Ku-Hyun Jung
Young Jo Lee
Woon-An Kam
Jungkun Seo
Sook-Jong Lee
Choong-Jae Cho
Su-jin Chun
Woosang Kim
Chaesung Chun
Myung-Soo Jang
Ihn-Hwi Park
Jin Ha Hwang
Joong-Keun Kim
Yul Sohn
Bok Hyung Lee

“From Cooperation to Coevolution: Strategy of Inter-Korean Economic Cooperation”

Conference
Ki Jung Kim
Jeong-Woo Kil
Dae Seok Choi
Ik-Pyo Hong

“North Korea Policy 2013” Conference

Jeong-Woo Koo
Jae Jeok Park
Chan-Il An
Young-Sun Ha
Yong-Hyun Kim
Sungbae Kim
Changrok Soh
Seongji Woo
Tae-keung Ha
Gi-Woong Son
Sang-Hun Choe
Yong Sup Han
Robert King
Sung Kim
Terence Roehrig
Leslie A. Bassett
Edward K.H.Dong
Patrick McEachern
Brent Byers
Andrei Lankov

The Presidency in Korea 2013 Roundtable

Byong-Joon Kim
Hyung Jun Park
Yeojoon Yoon
Won Jong Lee
Jong-in Kim
Seong Gyeongryung
Dong-Kwan Lee
Han Gwangok
Won-Taek Kang
Kon-Su Yi
Sook-Jong Lee
Yong Suk Jang

Han Wool Jeong
Seong-I Yoon
Nae-Young Lee
Jaeyeol Yee
Wonchil Chung
Kyou-Sup Han

“Keys to a Successful Presidency in South Korea” Conference

Won-Taek Kang
Nae-Young Lee
Joung-woo Lee
Kyou-Sup Han
Hyung Jun Park
Sook-Jong Lee
Hun Choi

EAI-SBS-JoongAng Ilbo-Hankook Research, Election Panel Research Team

Won-taek Kang
Chun-Seok Kim
Kon-Su Yi
Hyeok-Yong Kwon
Wonchil Chung
Seong-tae Kim
Chan-wook Park
Hyeon-woo Lee
Han-wool Jeong
Choon-Seok Kim
Hyun-jin Suh
Seong-hak Im
Byong-Keun Jhee

2012 Government Communication Index Research Team

Won-Taek Kang
Nae-Young Lee
Wonchil Chung
Byong-Kuen Jhee
Kon-Su Yi
Jaeyeol Yee
Han Wool Jeong

EAI-The Korean Association of Party Studies-IITC of Ewha Womans University, Joint Conference

Shingoo Kang
Jun-Seok Kim
Byong Kwon Sohn
Kihong Eom
Seung Jin Jang
Won-Taek Kang
Won-ho Park
Hyun-Jin Seo
Nae-Young Lee
Kisuk Cho
Joo Hyun Kang
Jaesung Ryu
Kwang-Il Yoon
Seong-Ho Lim
Han Wool Jeong
Hoi ok Jeong
Jun Young Choi
Jung Taek Han

“2012 Seoul Nuclear Security Summit and Global Governance” Conference

Il Park
Bong-geun Jun
Yong-Sup Han

InfraVision

Kui Keun Kim
Young Ho Kim
Seungjoo Baek
Sang Hyun Lee
Kyudok Hong
Keun-sik Kim
Ihn-Hwi Park
Seongho Sheen
Chaesung Chun

Smart Talk

Mason Richey
Efraim Inbar

Harold Hongju Koh
Yeh-Chung Lu
Tsai Tung-Chieh
Patricia Goedde
Mark E. Manyin
Eyatan Gilboa
Rory Medcalf
Robert Kagon
Abraham M. Denmark
Scott Snyder
Paul Evans
John Delury
Vinod Aggarwal
William H. Tobey
Grzegorz Ekiert
Fei-Ling Wang
Uzi Rubin
David A. Welch
Woon-an Kam
Tae Hyun Kim
Ji-yeon Song
Okyeon Yi
Sang Ryul Jung
Min Gyo Koo
Sang-yun Ma
Beomchul Shin
Wang Hwi Lee
Jongpil Chung
Jeong-Woo Koo
Seoung-hyun Moon
Seongho Sheen
Yong Wook Lee
Jai Kwan Jung
Sunhyuk Kim
Byeong Gwang Park
Dong Ryul Lee
Jung-Nam Lee
Jin-Young Chung
Young Ho Kim
In-Kook Park
Dong Sun Lee
Ji-Hyang Jang
Young-chol Choe
Aekyong Kim
Won Gon Park
Sang Hyun Lee
Jaewoo Choo
Changmo Choi
Younkyoo Kim

Chang-Kwoun Park
Seonghoon Lee
Byoung-Kon Jun
Young-Sun Ha
Jong Bum Kim
Hyeong-Jung Park
Sook-Jong Lee
Bong-geun Jun
Sukhee Han
Ji-Young Kim
Youngshik D. Bong
Shin-wha Lee
Seongwhun Cheon
Jihwan Hwang
Chang Su Kim
Byoung Kwon Sohn
Seungjoo Lee
Chaesung Chun
Jaeho Hwang
Taeho Kim
Yul Sohn
Seung Hyok Lee
Kyung-young Chung

Trilateral Dialogue

Michael Sheng-ti Gau
Cheng-Yi Lin
Miyaoka Isao
Sahashi Ryo
Yasuyo Sakata
Tsuneo Watanabe
Ming Lee
Yoshihide Soeya
Yasuhiro Izumikawa
Fu-Kuo Liu
Chien-Fa Yen
Mignonne Chan
Do-hai Liou
Tiehlin Yen
Jen-te Hwang
Joon Suk Kim
Yul Sohn
Dong Ryul Lee
Seungjoo Lee
Chaesung Chun

Asia Democracy Research Network Conference

Damba Ganbat
Thawilwadee Bureekul
Christopher Walker
Tobias Basuki
Paikiasothy Saravanamuttu
Chilik Yu
Kaustuv Bandyopadhyay
Chin-en Wu
Yasushi Kudo
Sook-Jong Lee
Hee-Yeon Cho

EAI 10th Anniversary Distinguished Lecture Series

Uchang Kim
Chi-ha Kim
Ji-Hang Park

EAI Fellows Program Expert Seminar

Myung-koo Kang
Kai He
Yuan-Kang Wang
Yu Zheng
Thomas Berger
Min Ye
Peter Van Ness
Seonjou Kang
Sang-yun Ma
Yukyung Yeo
Tai-Hwan Lee
Jaewoo Choo
Min Gyo Koo
Byung-Kwang Park
Dong Sun Lee
Ho-Chul Lee
Young Jong Choi
Young-Ho Kim
Woo-Yeal Paik
Seungjoo Lee
Joo-Youn Jung
Eun-Kyong Choi
Tae-Hyung Kim
Seong-ho Sheen

Yong Wook Lee
Heon Joo Jung
Sukhee Han
Chaesung Chun
Tai-Hwan Lee
Bryan Port

KF-EAI Korea Friendship Academicus

Won-Taek Kang
Byung-Kook Kim
Hoe-Chan Roh
Chaesung Chun
In-sun Kang
Yoon-Hee Kim
Jun Seok Lee
Emmanuel Pastreich

KF-EAI Korea Friendship Next Generation Conference

Alexandrova Lordanka
Xiaoyue Zhang
Jiajia Liu
Xuemei Yang
Zhi Chen
Saul Serna
Haixu Wang
Jae Hyeok Shin
Na Young Lee
Sookeun Choi
Eun Sil Choi
Jun Sang Park
Minju Kim
Joong Hyun Ahn
Yoon Jin Lee

EPIK Young Leaders Conference

Sung Hye Kang
Taeyoung Kim
Sung Yoon Park
Yeo Jeongmin
Eunbin Chung
Hyunmin Kang
Hoo Ri Kim

Eun-Young Park
Seo Ho Lee
Jai Kwan Jung
Jeong-Woo Koo
Kyungsil Roh
Hye Yeon Park
Yoon Jin Lee
Hyesoo Jee
Donghyun Kim
Il Hoon Do
Seo Young Byun
Heehyun Lim
Ji min Han
Min Ju Kim
Jaesung Ryu
Guktae An
Kangeun Jeong
Injae Hwang
Jung Hee Hyun
Sung Pyo Hong
Niyati Samir Gandhi

NetKAL Fellows

Jeong-Woo Koo
Kenneth Kim
John Yu
Raymond Rivera Tad Yo
PJ Kim

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Peace and Security (in English)

- Korea's Confucian Strategies toward China during the Qing Dynasty and Their Implications
- Facilitating China-U.S. Relations in the Age of Rebalancing: ASEAN's "Middle Power" Diplomacy
- Informal Institutions in Autocracies: Analytical Perspectives and the Case of the Chinese Communist Party
- A Challenge for the ROK-U.S. Alliance: Defense Cost-Sharing
- Addiction to Uncertainty: Regulatory Rush and the Exceptional Growth of Financial Derivatives Markets in South Korea
- A Unique 18th-Century Korean Map
- The Role of Governmental Capacity and Citizens' Input in Disaster Management
- China Invests Overseas: How Home Institutions Affect China's Outbound Direct Investment
- Managing Hegemony in East Asia: China's Rise in Historical Perspective
- US-China Relations at a Crossroad: What Lies Ahead?
- Collapse of Moral Authority and the End of the Civilizer State: Comparing Two Cases-Mao's China and George W. Bush's United States
- China's Post-Cheonan and -Yeonpyeong Policy toward North Korea
- Faltering Korea-China Relations with the Emergence of the G2 Era
- South Korea as New Middle Power Seeking Complex Diplomacy
- A Tamed Struggle for Influence: The Future of U.S.-China Relations
- Do Domestic Processes Prevent Effective Balancing? : Alliance Policies by Japan and South Korea
- Navigating a Sea of Troubles: US Alliances and Maritime Disputes in East Asia
- Rising China and the Chinese Public's Security Perceptions
- When World's Workshop Meets Its Office: Comparative Advantage, Institutions, and Foreign Investment in China and India
- The Responsibility to Protect (R2P) in Humanitarian Emergencies: From Libya to North Korea?

- Decision Making During Crises: Prospect Theory and China's Foreign Policy Crisis Behavior after the Cold War
- The Evolutionary Dynamics of Institutional Balancing in East Asia

Peace and Security (in Chinese)

- 中國對東亞區域政策之戰略困境與可能選項
- 美中兩國的相互認識：合作者還是競爭者
- 2012年美國大選結果對東亞地區的影響
- 韓中日三國合作與東亞國際政治秩序
- 韓國的中等強國外交與複合型外交
- 李明博政府的全球戰略與奧巴馬政府的東亞戰略
- 美國縮減國防預算對東亞安全的影響
- 金正恩時代北韓的權力結構與政策取向
- 日本民主黨的分裂與國內政治的未來
- 全球金融危機以後中國在金融領域里的變化：以對中美關係的影響為中心
- 環境、氣候變化視角下的國際政治與韓國的外交
- '后京都時代' 中國的氣候政策與美中關係
- 人道主義危機狀況下的保護責任(R2P)：從利比亞到北韓
- 從防守型合作到均衡型合作：美國的貿易攻勢與中國的對應
- 21世紀合作體制的變化與韓國
- 變化中的全球金融秩序和韓國的選擇：地區和全球層次的多邊主義聯系
- 自由貿易協定(FTA)在亞洲的擴散與韓國的戰略：以雙邊主義多變化的可能性為中心
- 台灣問題與中美關係：以全球金融危機以後的變化為中心
- 全球能源新體系與韓國的能源合作外交
- 金正恩的北韓與共進·複合型對北政策
- 人口老齡化與東北亞地區安全
- 中國在韓半島的利害關係與北韓的未來
- 美國新國防戰略的方針及其對韓國國家安全的影響
- 東亞地區制度均衡的演化動力
- 中國政治經濟的變化與穩定性展望

- 亞洲의未來安全秩序和韓國的對策
- 2010年代韓國海洋政策的問題與前景
- 權力轉移與美國對華人權外交
- 中國的能源安全政策與中美關係
- 俄羅斯的‘回歸亞洲’與韓國的對策
- 東亞地區權力結構的變化與韓國的對北政策
- 權力世襲的危機：關於北韓專制政權的展望
- 微博和中國的防火長城：中國網絡管的得與失
- 關於北韓內部民眾革命的猜想：平壤會成爲第二個的黎波里嗎？

Peace and Security (in Korean)

- 평택 국제교류센터 주민만족도 조사결과(요약본)
- 신대북정책 제안 : 신뢰프로세스의 진화를 위하여
- 한국의 FTA 2.0 신전략 제안
- 바람직한 한국형 외교안보정책 컨트롤타워
- 2020 한국외교 10대 과제 : Executive Summary
- 재중 탈북자 실상의 변화와 정책추진방향
- 국제정치 이론에서 본 중미관계의 미래 : 2008년 세계금융위기 이후를 중심으로
- 글로벌 금융위기 이후 중국 금융분야의 변화 : 중미 관계에 대한 영향을 중심으로
- 포스트 교토체제 하 중국의 기후정책과 미중관계
- 21세기 개발협력 아키텍처의 변화와 한국
- 수세적 협력에서 균형적 협력으로 : 미국의 통상공세와 중국의 대응
- 아시아 FTA의 확산과 한국의 전략 : 양자주의의 다자화 가능성을 중심으로
- 대만문제와 중미관계 : 글로벌 금융위기 이후의 변화를 중심으로
- 2020 한국외교 10대 과제 : Executive Summary
- 미중관계의 변화와 한국의 미래 외교 과제
- 환경 및 기후변화 국제정치와 한국 외교
- 변화하는 세계금융질서와 한국의 선택 : 지역과 글로벌의 다자주의 연계
- 신 글로벌 에너지 아키텍처와 한국의 에너지자원협력 외교 방향
- 인구노령화와 동북아 안보
- 김정은의 북한과 공진 · 복합의 대북정책
- 중국 정치 · 경제의 변화와 안정성 전망

- 아시아의 미래 안보질서와 한국의 대응전략
- 2010년대 한국 해양정책의 과제와 전망
- 세력전이와 미국의 대중국 인권외교
- 글로벌 거버넌스와 핵안보정상회의
- 중국의 에너지안보정책과 중미관계

Governance (in Korean)

- 미완의 혁명 리더십 : 도쿠다 쿠이치 리더십 연구
- 내재화된 변혁적 리더십 : 나카소네 야스히로 정치리더십 연구
- 선도형 리더십으로서의 ‘변환적 지도자’ : 오자와 이치로의 정치리더십 연구
- 탈 자민당 정치 : 고이즈미의 리더십
- 우에와 ‘제3의 길’ : 하토야마 유키오의 이념적 정치리더십 연구
- 전후 일본 민주화 운동의 리더십 - 이치카와 후사에 : 이념, 정치적 기회구조, 동원 전략으로서의 네트워크를 중심으로
- 남성주의적 자기표현의 매력과 한계 : 이시하라 신타로의 이단아적 정치 리더십 연구
- 21세기의 사카모토 료마 · 정치 기업가적 리더십 : 하시모토 토루 리더십 연구

Public Opinion (in Korean)

- 여론으로 본 한국 CSR의 딜레마
- 기업신뢰도와 CSR인식의 국제비교: 다양성과 유형별 특성
- 안보 이슈는 이념적 쟁점인가?
- 안보불감증인가? 안보의식의 변화인가?
- 2012 대선에서 나타난 여론조사 신뢰도의 위기
- 2012 대선 변수 : 박근혜 박빙 우위 지속될까?
- 안철수 사퇴 이후 안철수 지지자의 표심변화
- 2012 대선 가를 스윙보터(Swing Voter)의 표심은?
- 2012 대선 여론조사, 무엇이 문제인가?
- 문과 안 확장성의 격차 요인과 새누리당 지지층의 역선택 경향 변화
- 2012 삼국지, 최종승자 결정할 세대변수 점검
- 수도권 40대 무당파가 본 대선경쟁 한달 평가 : 불안과 기대의 공존
- 제18대 대선에서 야권 후보단일화의 전망과 한계
- 2012 대선 불확실성 특성 분석 : 적대적 이분법 구도의 약화와 여당 전략 변화

- 지역주의 투표행태의 변화를 통해 본 2012 대선 예측
- 출사표를 통해 본 대선유력주자 인지지도(cognitive map)
- 한 줄의 카피전쟁, 대선슬로건 1라운드 성적표
- 세대 투표율 분석을 통해 본 2012 대선 예측
- 19대 총선 결과에 대한 유권자들의 평가
- 부동산의 표심 이동과 이슈의 영향력 분석

- 여론으로 본 4·11 총선평가와 대선 쟁점
- 2012 어젠다 : 어젠다를 보면 2012년이 보인다

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- ASEAN's Economic Community and Its Strategic Implications
- ASEAN's Middle Power Diplomacy toward China
- The Year 2015 or After: Transition of Wartime Operational Control, Self-esteem of the Republic of Korea, and Trust-building Process
- China's Perceptions and Policies Toward India
- Japan's Choice: TPP Rule Setter or Follower?
- The 2012 U.S. Presidential Election and Its Implication in East Asia
- China, Japan, South Korea Trilateral Cooperation: Implications for Northeast Asia
- Asian Politics and Order
- Aging Eagle and Dark Clouds on the Security Horizon
- A Gilded Alliance: Global Korea's G-20/Yeonpyeong Moment Revisited
- Chinese Interest on the Korean Peninsula and the Future of North Korea
- The New U.S. Defense Strategic Guidance and Its Implications for South Korean Security
- The Limits of "Assertive" Behavior: U.S.-China Relations and the South China Sea
- Sea of Change under the Xi? A South Korean Perspective on 2013 Chinese Foreign Policy Issues
- DPJ's Broken Promise and the End of the Anti-Koizumi Era in Japan
- Predictions on Power Structure and Policy Changes of the Kim Jong-un Regime
- Chinese Interest on the Korean Peninsula and the Future of North Korea
- The New U.S. Defense Strategic Guidance and Its Implications for South Korean Security

Peace and Security Commentary (in English)

- Future Direction of Northeast Asia Peace and Cooperation Initiative: Maritime Disputes and South Korea's Trustpolitik
- After the U.S.-China Summit: Four Principles of Co-evolutionary Strategy towards North Korea
- Responding to North Korea's Nuclear Test: Complex Approach of Military, Economy, and Politics
- The Nuclear Security Summit and South Korea's Growing International Role
- The Return of Old Putin and the New Future of Russia
- China, the United States, and the Changing Global Architecture
- Time for the Strategy of Coevolution: How South Korea Can Shape the Future of the Kim Jong-un Regime

Peace and Security Issue Briefing (in Chinese)

- 中美首腦會談後的韓半島：對北共同進化政策與國中首腦會談的議題
- 北韓的第三次核試驗與韓國的對北政策：軍事、經濟、政治融為一體的綜合性對策
- 外交部官員眼中的核安全峰會
- 普京的再次執政與俄羅斯的未來
- 金正恩政權的未來與韓國的戰略：共同進化(coevolution)戰略的正式探索
- 變化中的國際體系與韓國
- 釜山大會以後國際開發援助體制的變化與韓國

- 金正日接班人體制的公干化與韓半島的未來
- 2012年國民所期待的新總統? 能夠與民溝通的總統
- 民主黨的困境
- 朴槿惠總統候選人的課題: 擴大支持率
- 政黨支持率的下降與無黨派的增加
- 國民對大企亞認識的複雜性

Peace and Security Commentary (in Chinese)

- 北韓核危机對韓美原子能協定修訂談判的影響
- 北韓的第三次核試驗與韓中對北政策的合作方案
- 北韓的第三次核試驗與韓際社會對北制裁手段的局限性

Peace and Security Issue Briefing (in Korean)

- 2013년 한일관계 전망과 한국의 대응
- 강제몰수에 따른 국방비 삭감이 미 군사력, 아시아 및 한반도에 미칠 영향
- 김정은 시대 북한의 권력구조와 정책 전망
- 동북아평화협력구상이 나아갈 길 : 해양영토분쟁과 한국의 신뢰외교
- 꼬인 한일관계 어떻게 풀어야 하나? : 21세기 새로운 파트너십 구축을 위한 제언
- 미중정상회담 이후 한반도 : 대북공진독트린과 한중정상회담의 과제
- 3차 북핵실험과 한국의 대북정책 : 군사 · 경제 · 정치의 3중 복합대응책 모색
- 외교부 당국자 입장에서 본 핵안보정상회의
- 오래된 푸틴의 재집권과 새로운 러시아의 미래
- 변화하는 글로벌 아키텍처와 한국
- 김정은 체제의 미래와 한국의 전략 : 공진(coevolution)전략의 본격적 모색

Public Opinion Issue Briefing (in Korean)

- 대선이슈와 대선결과의 영향력
- 안철수 현상의 진화? 안철수 바람의 연속성과 차별성
- 여론으로 본 경신국면 전환기의 대선구도 평가
- 2013 파워조직 신뢰영향력 조사의 주요결과
- 2013 한일 전문가 인식조사의 주요결과
- 안보 위기와 한국인의 안보의식
- 세계인의 눈에 비친 17개국의 국제적 평판
- 세계인의 한국 평판과 한국인의 17개국 평판
- 2013 한일국민상호인식조사의 주요결과
- 대선결과 평가와 박근혜 당선인 국정운영 전망
- 대선 4차 패널조사의 주요결과
- 대선후보 지지 변동의 양상과 원인
- 야권후보 단일화 이후 유권자 패널의 지지 변동
- 대선 3차 패널조사의 주요결과
- 단일화 파행의 결과 : 부동층 늘고, 안 하락 · 문 지지강도 약화
- 세 후보 약점이 공존하는 균형 : 후보등록 한달 전 대선여론
- 2012 대선2차 패널조사의 주요결과
- 유권자 지지행태 변동의 크기와 원인
- 안 출마 이후 선거구도 변화 : 당선가능성은 안철수, 단일후보는 안 · 문 팽팽
- 새누리당 경선 직후 조사의 주요결과
- 박근혜 현상 vs. 안철수 현상의 충돌 : 지지요인 및 후보 이미지 포지셔닝 맵
- 2012 파워정치인 신뢰도 · 영향력 조사로 본 권력지도의 변화와 대선 정국 전망
- 세계인의 눈에 비친 17개국의 국제적 평판
- 세계인의 분배 공정성과 자유시장 자본주의 인식
- 유권자 패널의 4 · 11 총선평가
- 4 · 11 총선과 대선 정국
- 2012 총선 · 대선 1차 패널조사의 주요 결과
- 여야 경합국면의 원인과 전망
- 2012 1월 주요 정치지표의 변화

EAI Memo Series

Peace and Security (in English)

- U.S. Trade Linkage Strategies in Free Trade Agreements and a Comparison to the EU
- The Future of U.S. Alliances and Partnerships in Asia: Implications for the U.S.-ROK Alliance
- 60 Years of Partnership and Shared Prosperity: U.S. Foreign Policy on Northeast Asia
- Island Disputes and the “Democratization” of East Asian National Security Decision Making
- Global Korea: South Korea’s Contributions to International Security
- G2 and the Future of the Asia-Pacific Region
- A South Korean-Japanese Strategic Partnership: An Emerging Reality, or an American Fantasy?
- The World America Made and Current Challenges in East Asia
- Stemming the Threat of Nuclear Terrorism and Proliferation, Globally and in Northeast Asia
- Future of Extended Nuclear Deterrence in East Asia
- Israel’s Current National Security Issues
- Two Decades of Transformations in Central and Eastern Europe: Does the Communist Legacy Matter?

Peace and Security (in Chinese)

- 第1回日韓共同世論調查 日韓世論比較分析結果
- 加拿大的中等強國外交戰略及對韓國外交發展方向的建議
- 總統的資格，國家治理能力 (statecraft)
- 總統的成功條件：關鍵是政治勢力的組織化
- 為總統的成功獻言獻策
- 時代所賦予的使命感與總統的政治領導力
- 總統的成功條件：經驗與教訓
- 國家治理的局限性與總統的領導力
- 經濟民主化與準備完好的總統

- 準備好的總統以及成功領導人的條件
- 美中關係發言日志 (2012年1月-)

Peace and Security (in Korean)

- 멕시코의 중견국 외교전략과 한국
- 호주의 중견국 외교전략과 한국
- 캐나다의 중견국 외교 전략과 한국의 중견국 외교 방향에 대한 제언
- 브라질의 외교전략과 한국의 중견국 외교에 대한 제언
- 인도의 동아시아지역 전략적 파트너십 구축과 한국
- 중국 동아시아 정책의 전략적 딜레마와 향후 정책 전망
- “한국의 개발협력 전략 : 원조효과성을 위한 복합네트워킹” 발표회 2012-03-30
- 안보 정세 변화와 국방개혁의 당위성

Governance (in Korean)

- 준비된 대통령과 성공적 리더십의 조건
- 대통령의 성공조건 : 경험과 교훈
- 국정운영의 한계와 대통령 리더십
- 경제민주화와 준비된 대통령
- 시대적 소명과 대통령의 정치리더십
- 대통령의 성공조건, 정치세력화가 관건이다!
- 성공적인 대통령직 수행을 위한 제언
- 대통령의 자격, 스테이트크래프트(statecraft)

Public Opinion (in Korean)

- 제1회 한일국민상호인식조사 한일비교분석결과 보고서
- 대선결과에서 드러난 사회통합 과제의 중요성
- 선거후 패널조사에서 나타난 민심
- 18대 대선, 초박빙 구도의 원인과 전망
- 대선후보 호감도의 주요 특징
- 안철수 사퇴 이후 표심 변화
- 안철수 원장의 향후 행보와 지지자들 표심의 향배
- 대선후보 빅3의 지지자 이탈 양상과 원인

- 세대투표의 균형추 40대의 선택 : 2030세대와의 동상이몽
- 2012년 국민이 바라는 대통령은? 소통대통령 : 국정운영능력은 박근혜, 도덕성과 소통 능력은 안철수
- 민주당의 딜레마 : 안철수로 결집한 민주당 지지층과 인물 위주의 선거
- 박근혜 후보 지지층 확장의 과제 : 컨벤션 효과 크지 않았던 이유
- 정당 지지도의 하락과 무당파의 증가
- 대기업을 바라보는 국민인식의 복잡성

Multimedia

EAI Policy Reports

- EAI Conference on “Beyond Trustpolitik on the Korean Peninsula”
- Conference on “Keys to a Successful Presidency in South Korea”
- Conference on “Toward 2020: Ten Agendas for South Korea’s Foreign Policy”
- EAI · Channel A Special Panel Discussion on “Keys to a Successful Presidency in South Korea”
- EAI · CSIS Conference: Session I / Session II

Smart Talk

- Vinod Aggarwal
- Israel Scholars
- Abraham M. Denmark
- Scott Snyder
- Yeh-chung Lu
- Mark E. Manyin
- William H. Tobey
- Rory Medcalf
- Grzegorz Ekiert

Smart Q&A

- Future of ROK-Japan Relations: Japan’s Political Swing to the Right and Korea’s Counterstrategy
- The Future of U.S.-ROK Alliance: Implications for the Korean Peninsula
- North Korea’s Nuclear Capabilities and Recommendations for Future Six-Party Talks

- Prospect for Resumption of Six-Party Talks and South Korea’s North Korea Policy
- U.S. Defense Budget Cuts: Implications for South Korea’s Military Policy
- Free Trade Agreement Networks in East Asia
- Future of ROK-Japan Relations: Japan’s Political Swing to the Right and Korea’s Counterstrategy
- The North Korean Nuclear Crisis and Prospects for the ROK-U.S. Nuclear Cooperation Agreement
- North Korea’s Third Nuclear Test and Policy Cooperation between South Korea and China
- How does North Korea Avoid International Sanctions?
- The Euro Zone Crisis and the Outlook for China’s Economy
- South Korea’s Response to the Euro Zone Crisis
- Success or Failure? The Obama Administration’s Policy to North Korea
- Public Diplomacy in a Changing World
- The Prospects for China’s Foreign Policy under Xi Jinping
- Prospects for the 2012 Presidential Election in South Korea
- Navigating a Sea of Troubles: U.S. Alliances and Maritime Disputes in East Asia
- The North Korean Human Rights Situation and South Korea’s Response
- The U.S. and China’s FTA Networks in Northeast Asia: How Should South Korea Respond?
- Kim Jong-un’s Choice and the Future of the Korean Peninsula
- What is North Korea’s Strategic Calculation in Launching its Satellite?
- One Year After Fukushima: What Lessons Have Been Learnt in

Northeast Asia?

- How will Russia under Putin affect the Future of Northeast Asia?
- How should South Korea respond to the new U.S. defense strategy?
- Why Negotiate the ROK-China FTA Now?
- Why the Korean Peninsula Will Be Stable in 2012 and What South Korea Should Do

EPIK Young Leaders Conference

- 2013 EPIK Young Leaders Conference: Opening Session / Session 1 / Session 2
- 2012 EPIK Young Leaders Conference: Opening Session / Session 1 / Session 2

Next Generation Conference

- 2013 Next Generation Conference Opening Session / Session 1 / Session 2

KF-EAI Korea Friendship

- KF-EAI Korea Friendship Orientation
- *Academicus #1* “Korean Democracy and National Assembly Reform” by Representative Hoe-Chan Roh
- *Academicus #2* “Education in Korea: Nurturing the New Generation” by Mr. Jun Seok Lee
- *Academicus #3* “Politics in Korea: Changes and Future Challenges” by Professor Won-Taek Kang
- *Academicus #4* “From Manuscript to Smartphone, Korean Media: 20 Years of the Past and the Future” by Editor In-sun Kang
- *Academicus #5* “Modernization and Democratization in South Korea” by Professor Byung-Kook Kim
- *Academicus #6* “How to Overcome the Culture Shock: Understanding the Living Culture of Korea” by Director Yvonne Yoon-Hee Kim
- *Academicus #7* “National Security and Foreign Affairs in South

Korea: North Korea Dilemma and South Korea’s Strategy” by Professor Chaesung Chun

- *Academicus #8* “Rediscovering Traditional Korean Culture” by Professor Emmanuel Pastreich

EAI Social Sciences Lecture Series

- Lecture 1-8

EAI 10th Anniversary Celebration’s Chairman Farewell & Inauguration Ceremony

- Lecture by Prof. Jihang Park
- Lecture by Prof. Uchang Kim
- Lecture by Dr. Chi-Ha Kim

JisikMaru Talk SNS Live Broadcast

- Chaesung Chun, Asia Security Initiative Research Center Chair, East Asia Institute; Professor, Seoul National University. “South Korea’s Role as a Middle Power between the U.S. and China”

EAI Staff



Hyun-Jeong An: Communication Officer. She is in charge of websites development and management, and online promotion through SNS.



Jin Seok Bae: Chief of Peace and Security Research Unit. He is in charge of overseeing EAI's Peace and Security programs and manages the Renaissance 2.0 and Asia Democracy Research Network.



Hye-Young Baek: Chief of External Affairs Unit. She is in charge of human development and education programs such as EAI Sarangbang, and KF-EAI Korea Friendship.



Kyle Cassily: Program Officer of Peace and Security Research Unit. He is in charge of editing English reports and overseeing US-China Relations Series.



Eun Hae Choi: Program Officer of External Affairs Unit. She is in charge of domestic and international academic conferences such as GlobalNet 21 forum, and EPIK Young Leaders Conference.



Wonchil Chung: Chief of Public Opinion Research Unit. He is in charge of the Election Panel studies, domestic and international public opinion research and governance projects.



Han Wool Jeong: Chief of Staff to the President. He has previously served as Chief of Peace and Security Research Unit and Vice Chair of Public Opinion Research Unit.



Yang Gyu Kim: Program Officer of Peace and Security Research Unit. He is in charge of National Security Panel, US-China Relations Series, Smart Q&A interviews, and EAI Commentary.



Mi Young Park: Chief of Administration and Finance Unit. She is in charge of administrative and personnel management.



Young Hwan Shin: Chief of Publication Unit. He is in charge of book publication, *Journal of East Asian Studies*, and EAI Fellows Program.



Hyejung Suh: Program Officer of Peace and Security Research Unit. She is in charge of supporting short-term research projects and organizing international conferences and Smart Talk forums.

